K.C. MALHOTRA & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Isgec Redecam Enviro Solutions Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of Isgec Redecam Enviro Solutions Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance sheet as at March 31 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the Ind AS financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, its profit including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's report but does not include the Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the



Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibility of Management for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including
 the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions
 and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;



- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- (f) This report does not include Report on the internal financial controls under clause (i) of Subsection 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Report on internal financial controls'), since in our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the said report on internal financial controls is not applicable to the Company basis the exemption available to the Company under MCA notification no. G.S.R. 583(E) dated June 13, 2017, read with corrigendum dated July 13, 2017 on reporting on internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements;
- (g) The provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act are not applicable to the Company for the year ended March 31, 2023;
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. a)The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

b)The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Parties ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and



- c) Based on such audit procedures that were considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company.
- Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023

For K.C.Malhotra & Co. Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number.000057N

Ramesh Malhotra

Partner

Membership Number: 013624 UDIN: 23013624BGYXCE4682

Place of Signature: New Delhi

Date: May 09, 2023

ANNEXURE 1 REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH 1 UNDER THE HEADING OF "REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS" OF OUR AUDIT REPORT OF EVEN DATE

Re: Isgec Redecam Enviro Solutions Private Limited) ('the Company')

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state that:

- (i)(a)(A)The Company does not have any property, plant and equipment as at March 31, 2022 and, accordingly, the requirements to report on clause 3(i) (a),(b),(c), (d) and (e) of the order is not applicable to the Company
- (ii)(a) The Company's business does not require maintenance of inventories and, accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ii)(b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. five crores in aggregate from banks or financial institutions during any point of time of the year on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted loans and advances in the nature of loans to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) There are no loans, investments, guarantees, and security in respect of which provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are applicable and accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (v) The Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act and the rules made thereunder, to the extent applicable. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The maintenance of cost records has not been prescribed to the company by the Central Government under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013. Thus reporting under clause 3(vi) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- (vii)(a)The Company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, income-tax, cess and other statutory dues applicable to it. The provisions related to provident fund, employees' state insurance, sales tax, duty of excise, duty of customs, and value added taxes are not applicable to the Company. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on audit procedures performed by us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of these statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.



- (b) There are no dues of goods and services tax, provident fund, employees state insurance, income tax, sales-tax, service tax, customs duty, excise duty, value added tax, cess, goods and service tax and other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (viii) The Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ix)(a) According to the information and explanations given to us and records examined by us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loan or interest to any lender.
- (ix)(b) The Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (ix)(c) The Company did not have any term loans outstanding during the year hence, the requirement to report on clause (ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ix)(d) The Company did not raise any funds during the year hence, the requirement to report on clause (ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ix)(e) The Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ix)(f) The Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, the requirement to report on Clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (x)(a) The Company has not raised any money during the year by way of initial public offer / further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (x)(b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares /fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year under audit and hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi)(a) No fraud/material fraud by the Company or no fraud/material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi)(b) During the year, no report under Sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed by cost auditor, secretarial auditor or by us in Form ADT 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- (xi)(c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi company as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(xii)(a), (b) and (c) of the order are not applicable to the Company.



- (xiii) Transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards. The provisions of Section 177 are not applicable to the Company and accordingly the requirements to report under clause 3(xiii) of the Order insofar as it relates to Section 177 of the Act is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiv) The Company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system under the provisions of Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore, the requirement to report under clause 3(xiv)(a) and (b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and hence requirement to report on clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi)(a) The provisions of Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934) are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause (xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi)(b) The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without obtaining a valid Certificate of Registration (COR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
- (xvi)(c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi)(d) There is no Core Investment Company as a part of the Group, hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly requirement to report on Clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- On the basis of the financial ratios disclosed in note 18 to the financial statements, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

The provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company and hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(xx)(a) and (b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

MALHOTRA

For K. C. Malhotra & Co.

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 000057N

Ramesh Malhotra

Partner

Membership Number: 013624 UDIN: 23013624BGYXCE4682 Place of Signature: New Delhi

Date: May 09, 2023

Isgec Redecam Enviro Solutions Private Limited CIN: U29308HR2017PTC067285

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees Thousand (K), unless otherwise stated)

Particulars			
T di titediais	Note No.	31st.March,2023	31st.March,202
ASSETS			
Non - current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment			
(b) Financial assets	1 1		2
(i) Others	3 (a)		
(c) Deferred tax assets (net)	3 (a) 3 (b)	4,967.37	C 270 4
Total Non-current assets	3 (b)	4,967.37	6,279.4 6,279.4
Current assets	1	4,507.57	0,275.4
(a) Inventories	3 (c)		
(b) Financial assets] 5(0)		
(i) Trade receivables	3 (g)	1,66,687.87	1 63 047 0
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	3 (d)	17.81	1,62,047,97
(iii) Loans	3 (h)	140.44	18.74
(iv) Others	3 (a)	1.45	602.01
(c) Current tax assets (net)	3 (e)	230.78	1.45
(d) Other current assets	3 (f)	17,595.07	1,074.68
otal current assets	3,07	1,84,673.42	25,178.82 1,88,923.67
		1,04,073.42	1,00,323.07
otal assets		1,89,640.79	1,95,203.15
QUITY AND LIABILITIES			
QUITY		*	
a) Equity share capital	4(a)	20,000.00	20,000.00
o) Other equity	4(b)	(15,275.85)	(18,680.01
otal equity		4,724.15	1,319.99
ABILITIES			
on - current llabilities			
Provisions	7	1 026 20	4 250 00
otal non-current-liabilities	 	1,036.28 1,036.28	1,260.95 1,260.95
		1,030.28	1,200.93
irrent llabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	6(a)	34,121.03	14,623.99
(ii) Trade payables			
ii)(a) Total outstanding dues to micro enterprises			
and small enterprises	5	13,727.19	16,102.46
(ii)(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other		f	
than to micro enterprises and small			
enterprises	5	28,678.20	73,406.62
(iii) Other financial liabilities	6(b)	490.03	281.52
Other current liabilities	6	99,464.69	82,723.54
Provisions	7	7,399.22	5,484.08
tal current liabilities		1,83,880.36	1,92,622.21

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

For K. C. Malhotra & Co. Chartered Accountants (ICAI Firm Registration Number - 000057N)

(Ramesh Malhotra) Partner

Membership No. - 013624 Place: New Delhi Date: May 09, 2023 New Delhi

For and on behalf of the Board of directors Isgec Redecam Enviro Solutions Private Limited

(Suman Kumar Jain) Directo DIN:07045002

(Shalabh Singh) Director DIN: 07738604

Isgec Redecam Enviro Solutions Private Limited CIN: U29308HR2017PTC067285

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st.March, 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees Thousand (K), unless otherwise stated)

(In INR K)

		(In INR K)
Note No.	31st.March,2023	31st.March,2022
8	1 44 510 75	3,71,231.30
1 -1		56.92
	1,44,671.45	3,71,288.22
10 (a)	1,07,592.37	3,04,350.18
		24,405.93
10 (c)	2,210.77	985.21
11	19,740.25	26,974.81
	1,39,955.18	3,56,716.13
	4,716.27	14,572.09
13	(1,312.11)	(3,667.50
	3,404.16	10,904.59
		=
	3,404.16	10,904.59
12	1.70	5.45
	10 (a) 10 (b) 10 (c) 11	8 1,44,510.75 9 160.70 1,44,671.45 10 (a) 1,07,592.37 10 (b) 10,411.79 10 (c) 2,210.77 11 19,740.25 1,39,955.18 4,716.27 13 (1,312.11) 3,404.16

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

For K. C. Malhotra & Co. Chartered Accountants (ICAI Firm Registration Number - 000057N)

For and on behalf of the Board of directors Isgec Redecam Enviro Solutions Private Limited

(Ramesh Malhotra)

Partner

Membership No. - 013624

Place: New Delhi Date: May 09, 2023 (Suman Kumar Jain)

Director DIN:07045002 (Shalabh Singh

Director DIN: 07738604

Isgec Redecam Enviro Solutions Private Limited CIN: U29308HR2017PTC067285

Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31st. March, 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees Thousand (K), unless otherwise stated)

pi			(In INR K)
Particulars	Note	31st.March,2023	31st.March,202
Profit/(loss) before tax		4,716.27	14,572.09
Adjustment to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows		.,. ==.=.	- 1,-1-1-
Interest expense	10 (c)	2,210.77	985.21
Interest income	9	(0.55)	(56.92
Operating profit /(loss) before working capital changes		6,926.49	15,500.38
Movements in working capital :			
Increase in other Non -current financial assets	3(a)	:4	16
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(3c)		18
(Increase)/decrease in other current assets	3(f)	7,583.75	8,196.56
(Increase)/decrease in current tax assets(net)	3(e)	843.90	(651.09
(Increase)/decrease in Trade Receivables	3(g)	(4,639.90)	8,319.45
(Increase)/decrease in loans	3(h)	461.57	(561.83
Increase/(decrease) in other financial liabilites	6(b)	208.51	240.92
Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilites	6	16,741.15	(16,222.34
Increase/(decrease) in Non-current/current provisions	7	1,690.47	3,662.78
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	5	(47,103.69)	(6,770.03)
Cash generation /(used) in operations		(17,287.75)	11,714.80
Direct Taxes paid			4
Net cash generated from operating activities (A)		(17,287.75)	11,714.80
Cash flows from investing activities:	9	0.55	56.92
Net cash flow from Investing activities (B)	19	0.55	56.92 56.92
Age case now now investing arrivings (D)	+ + +	0.55	56.92
Cash flows from Financing activities	1		
ncrease/ (decrease) in cash credits	6(a)	19,497.04	(10,917.44)
nterest paid	10 (c) & 6(b)	(2,210.77)	(985.21)
Net cash flow from financing activities (C)		17,286.27	(11,902.65)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents(A+B+C)		(0.93)	(130.93)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	3(d)	18.74	149.67
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	3(d)	17.81	18.74

Notes:

- 1. The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method setout in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7.
- 2. Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

Particulars

Total borrowing

Opening balance as on April 1, 2022

Non-cash changes due to

- Interest expense

- Others

Cash flows during the year

Closing balance as on March 31, 2023

(in INR)

Total borrowing

14,623.99

14,623.99

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3. Figures in brackets indicate cash outgo.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

For K. C. Malhotra & Co.

Chartered Accountants

(ICAI Firm Registration Number - 000057N)

For and on behalf of the Board of directors

Isgec Redecam Enviro Solutions Private Limited

(Ramesh Malhotra) Partner

Membership No. - 013624 Place: New Delhi

Date: May 09, 2023

(Suman Kumar Jain) Director DIN: 07045002

JA 424

(Shalabh Singh Director

DIN: 07738604

Statement of changes in equity

A: Equity share capital

As at 1st April,2021	20,000.00
	20,000.00
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	**
Restated balance as at 1st April,2021	20,000.00
Changes during the year	<u> </u>
As at 31st March,2022	20,000.00
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	
Restated balance as at 31st March,2022	20,000.00
Changes during the year	(e)
As at 31st March,2023	20,000.00

B: Other equity

Particulars	Retained earnings
Balance as at 1st April, 2021	(29,584.60)
Profit/(loss) for the year ended 31st March 2022	10,904.59
Total comprehensive Income/(Loss)	(18,680.01)
As at 31st March, 2022	(18,680.01)
Balance as at 1st April, 2022	(18,680.01)
Profit/(loss) for the year ended 31st March 2023	3,404.16
Total comprehensive income/(Loss)	(15,275.85)
As at 31st March, 2023	(15,275.85)

The accompanying notes form an integral part to the financial statements

For K.C.Malhotra & Co.
Chartered Accountants

(ICAI Firm Registration Number - 000057N)

(Ramesh Malhotra) Partner

Membership No. 013624

Place: New Delhi Date: May 09, 2023 New Delhi

For and on behalf of the Board of directors
Isgec Redecam Enviro Solutions Private Limited

(Suman Kumar Jain)
Director
DIN: 07045002

(Shalabh Singh) Director

DIN: 07738604

Isgec Redecam Enviro Solutions Private Limited

Note 1: Overview

The company is a private limited company domiciled in India with its registered office at Radaur Road, Yamunanagar-135001, Haryana, and is incorporated on 1st February, 2017 under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 as applicable in India as a joint venture between Isgec Heavy Engineering Limited and Redecam group S.P.A, Italy.

The company is engaged in engineering business will principally undertake the activity of fabrication, design, manufacture, sale, purchase, export, import, supply, sourcing, testing and commissioning and undertake research and development and or otherwise deal in all types of environment solutions machines and equipments including bag filters and hybrid filters for all industries.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of preparation and Statement of Compliance

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) from time to time and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013, (IN AS compliant Schedule III), as applicable to the company.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis, except for certain financial instruments and provisions which are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below (as applicable). The financial statements were authorised for issue by the company's Board of Directors on May 09, 2023.

(b) Accounting estimates, assumptions and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and other comprehensive income that are reported and disclosed in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in future period. Changes The area involving critical estimate or judgment is Recognition of deferred tax assets for carried forward losses, Impairment of trade receivables, estimation of tax expense, financial risk management objectives and policies in note 20 and other contingencies and commitments. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the year in which the changes are made. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

(c) Current versus Non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- * expected to be realised in normal operating cycle,
- * Held primarily for the purpose of the trading,
- *Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- *Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.



All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when:

- *it is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,
- *it is held primarily for the purpose of the trading,
- *it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- *there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand and deposit with banks. Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

The cash flow statement is prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) -7 "Statement of Cash flows" using the indirect method for operating activities.

(e) Provisions, Contingent Liability and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognized when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

A contingent liability is disclosed when a possible obligation from past events and and whose existence will be confirmed only by occurrence or non-occurrence of one or uncertain events not wholly within the control of the entity; or a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or the amount of obligation be measured with sufficient reliability.

A contingent asset is disclosed, when possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain events not wholly within the control of the entity.

Contingent liabilities and contingent asset are not recognised but are disclosed in notes.

(f) Taxes

Current tax

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961. However, No provision for tax has been made, as there is no assessable income for the year.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside statement of profit or loss is recognised outside statement of profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income (OCI) or in equity).



Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred income tax is provided using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable profit will be available to utilize those temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off tax current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relates to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset when the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

(g)(i) Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services The Company has concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements, because it typically controls the services before transferring them to the customer.

Revenue is measured at the transaction price.

(ii) Revenue from construction contracts

Revenues are recognised over time under percentage of completion method. The percentage of completion method has been determined using input method which recognise revenue on the basis of costs incurred to date compared to total estimated contract costs. Contract Costs comprise of costs that directly relate to specific contract, costs that are attributable to contract activity in general and can be allocated to contract and such other costs as are specifically chargeable to the customer under the terms of contract.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Revenue in excess of invoicing are classified as contract assets (which we refer as unbilled revenue) while invoicing in excess of revenues are classified as contract liabilities (which we refer to as uncarned income)

Unbilled revenues of Rs 13,67,000/- as on 31st.March,2023 (Rs.17,13,000/-as on 31st.March,2022) has been considered as a financial asset.



(h) Interest income

Interest income is accounted on a time proportion basis taking into account outstanding and the effective interest rate (EIR). Effective rate of interest is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

(i)Export Incentive income

Benefits under "Served India Scheme" for foreign exchange earned under prevalent scheme of Government of India are accrued when the right to receive these benefits as per the terms of the scheme is established and accrued to the extent there is no significant un-certainty about the measurability and ultimate utilization.

(j) Earning per share (EPS)

Basic EPS amounts are computed by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year.

(k) Foreign currencies

- (i) Initial recognition Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency Amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of transaction.
- (ii) Conversion Foreign currency monretary items are retranslated using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date.
- (iii) Exchange differences:

 The company accounts for foreign exchange differences arising on translation/settlement of foreign currency monetary items by recognizing the exchange differences as income or as expenses in the period in which they arise.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in OCI or profit or loss are also recognised in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).

In determining the spot exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income (or part of it) on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to advance consideration, the date of the transaction is the date on which the Company initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Company determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of advance consideration.



(l) Financial instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI) and fair value through profit and loss.

An initial recognition, the company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of financial asset not at fair value through profit and loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the company's business model for managing the asset and cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the company classifies its debt instruments:

*Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognized in profit and loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired these. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

*Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI , except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in profit and loss. When the financial asset is dercognized in other gains/(losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate.

*Fair value through profit or loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debtinstrument that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognized in profit or loss and presented net in the statement of profit and loss within other gain/(losses) in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with IND-AS 109, the company applies expected credit loss (ECL) mode for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets and credit risk exposures.

Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g. loans, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance. Financial assets that are debt instruments and are measured as at FVTOCI

The company follows simplified approach for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables. The application of simplied approach does not require the company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its recognition.



Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised only when the company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients when the entity has transferred an asset, the company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognized. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognized.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognized if the company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognized to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables,net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified in two categories:

- Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
- · Financial liabilities at amortised cost (loans and borrowings)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.



Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/ losses are not subsequently transferred to p &L. However, the company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. The Company has designated its liabilities as financial liability as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost (Loans and borrowings)

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

This category generally applies to borrowings. The Company has not designated its financial liabilities at amortised cost.

(m) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

(n) Leases

The leases accounting standard IND AS 116 is not applicable to the company as the Company is not having long-term leases and therefore no disclosures are to be provided on account of this accounting standard

(0) Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time on March 31,2023, MCA amended the companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules,2023 as under:

IND AS 1-Presentation of Financial Statements-This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant policies. The effective date of adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and the impact of the amendment is insignificant in the standalone financial statements.

IND AS 8-Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors- This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates 'and included amendments to IND AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1,2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its standalone financial statements.



IND AS 12-Income Taxes-This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. The effective date of adoption of this is annual periods beginning on or after April 1,2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its standalone financial statements.



Note 3 (a): Other financial assets

31st.March,2023		31st March, 2022	
Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
-	1.45		
			1.45
			Non-current Current Non-current 1.45

Note 3 (b) Deferred tax assets (net)

Davidenten		
Particulars	31st.March,2023	31st.March,2022
Deferred tax assets	4,967.37	6.279.48

Movements in Deferred tax assets /Liabilities)

Particulars	Tax losses	Preliminary expenses	
Deferred tax assets	1 103503	expenses	Tota
As at 1st.April,2021 (Charged) /Credited to profit and loss	9,912.41 (3,667.50)	34.57	9,946.98 (3,667.50
As at 31st.March,2022	6,244.91	34.57	6,279.48
(Charged) /Credited to profit and loss	(1,312.11)		(1,312.11)
As at 31st March, 2023	4,932.80	34.57	4,967.37

Note 3 (c): Inventories

Particulars	31st.March,2	31st.March,2023		
	Non-current	Current	31st.March,20 Non-current	Current
Trading Goods-in-transit	=			
Total Inventories				

Note 3 (d): Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	31st.March,2023		31st.March,20	22
Cash In Hand	Non- Current	Current	Non- Current	Current
Balances with banks -in current account		17.81		18.74
Total each and much a mile I			*	*
Total cash and cash equivalents		17.81	121	18.74

Note 3 (e): Current tax assets (net)

Particulars	31st.March,2023	31st.March,2022
Prepaid income taxes Less: Provision for income tax	230.78	1,074.68
Total current assets (net)	230.78	1,074.68

Note 3 (f): Other Current Assets

Particulars	31st.March,2023	31st.March,2022
Balance with Govt Authorities Unbilled revenue Advances to Suppliers * Prepaid Expenses	6,474.77 1,367.00 9,704.55 48.75	9,251.08 1,713.00 14,135.40 79.34
Total other current assets	17,595.07	25,178.82
Include advance to a related party	1.782.75	2 702 70

Note 3 (g):Trade Receivables

Particulars	31st.March	1,2023	31st.March	.2022
Uncoured association at	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Unsecured considered good * Total Trade receivables		1,66,687.87	-	1,62,047.97
	• 1	1,66,687.87		1,62,047.97
* Include due from related parties	JALHOTO:	9,685.47		52,698.91

New Definition

Notes on financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees Thousand (K), unless otherwise stated Isgec Redecam Enviro Solutions Private Limited

Ageing of Trade Receivables

		Outstanding a	s on March 31, 2023	for the following	A Property of the Party of the		
	Not due	Less than 6	ss than 6 6 months to 1	4 CHOWING D	eriog from the due	dete of payment	
Undisputed Trade receivables		months	Vear	+ year to 2 years	2 years to 3 years	4 Year to 2 years 2 years to 3 years More than 3 years Total	Total
Undisputed Trade received to	1,40,228.58	7.150.76	2000				00000
and a significant which have significant		0.000	230.21	10,419.37	8 077 87	4 4 6 1	
increase in credit risk					70.1100	581.13	1,66,687.87
Undignisted Trade roceing Line	•						
The second in the second secon				Ä			
W Disputed Trade receivables - Considered age			34				
licuitad Trado ras 111							
The significant received be significant							
increase in credit risk							
wi) Disputed Trade receivables							
on the section of the				•	(4)		
							*
otal						1	
	1,40,228.58	7.150.76					
		Or Continue	730.71	10,419.37	8 077 87	100	

Not) Undisputed Trade receivables - Considered good) Undisputed Trade receivables - Considered good	Not due	Outstanding as	con March 24 And				
		I am alt	the date of parties and the following period from the due date of parties at	Tor the following p	veriod from the due	date of parameter	
III) Undisputed Trade receivables - Considered good		months	6 months to 1	1 year to 2 years	2 years to 3 years	1 year to 2 years 2 years to 3 years More than 3 years Total	Total
Undisputed Trade receive black	1.17.087.26		yedi				
Trees and the significant	07: 1001:11	1,223,75	19,606.45	10,642.81	5,800.01	OL ALL	
Increase in credit risk					Took's	1,b/1,/9	1,62,047.97
(iii) Undsputed Trade receivable		8	99				
In the state of th				×		0	
IV) Utsputted Trade receivables - Considered good							
V) Disnitted Trade research							io
The state of the second of the							
Increase in credit risk							
M) Disputed Trade receivables		7.5					
convanies - credit impairec					2	9	
			14				*
Total					,	*	
	1 17 087 25						
		1,423,73	19,606.45	10,642.81	5 800 01		
						1.6/1.79	TO CAU CA 1

Note 3 (h): Loans

1,62,047.97

1,671.79

	31st.March,20	023	31ct March 2	000
Other Advance	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Site Advance	¥0 :0¥	0.91	*[:::]*	602.04
Total Loans	•		ж.	10.300
		140.44		602.01



Note 4 (a): Equity share capital

Particulars	31st.Marci	h,2023	31st.March	2022
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Authorised share capital	1			
Equity shares of Rs.10/-each with voting rights	20,00,000	20,000.00	20,00,000	20,000.00
Issued ,subscribed and paid up Equity shares of Rs.10/-each fully paid up with voting rights Fotal Equity share capital	20,00,000	20,000.00	20,00,000	20,000.00
rotal Equity share capital	20,00,000	20,000.00	20,00,000	20,000.00

(i) Terms and rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible to one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the company, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the company, after distribution of the preferential amounts in proportion to their shareholding.

(ii) Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Particulars	31st.Marc	h.2023	21ct 55	2022
Equity shares	Number of shares	200000	31st.March, Number of shares	Amount
At the commencement of the year Add: issued during the year	20,00,000	20,000.00		20,000.00
At the end of the year	70.00.000		- 5	19
	20,00,000	20,000.00	20,00,000	20,000.00

(III) Equity Shares of the company held by the holding company

Particulars	31st.March,2023	7244 54 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Isgec Heavy Engineering Limited	943C.Wartin,2023	131St.IMarch, 2022
age ready chighleering cimited	51%	51%
		1

(iv) Detail of shares held by share holders holding more than 5% shares of total number of equity shares

Particulars	31st.March	,2023	31st.March	2022
	Number of shares	% of holding	Number of shares	% of holding
sgec Heavy Engineering Limited Redecam Group S.P.A.	10,20,000 9,80,000	51%	10,20,000	51%
	20,00,000	100%	9,80,000	49% 100%

(d) Shareholding of Promotors:

Promoter name		rch,2023	31st.March	,2022	% change
sgec Heavy Engineering Limited	Number of shares		Number of shares	% of total	during the year
dedecam Group S.P.A.	10,20,000	5170	10,20,000	51%	NIL
31 17.	9,80,000		9,80,000	49%	NIL
	20,00,000	100%	20,00,000	100%	1

Note 4 (b): Other equity Retained earnings

Particulars	31st.March,2023	31st.March,2022
Opening balance Profit/(loss) for the year	(18,680.01) 3,404.16	
Closing balance	(15,275.85)	



Note 5 :Trade payables

	31st.Mare	:h,2023	31st.Mare	t save
Dues to micro, small and medium enterprises #	Non- Current	Current	Non-Current	
Payables Other than MSME*	-	13,727.19	- Controlle	Current
Total Trade payables		28,678.20	Ξ. (16,102.4
Include due to related parties		42,405.39		73,406.6
minute due to related parties		5,877.36	5.70	89,509.08

Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act'). The disclosures pursuant to the said MSMED Act are as follows:

Particulars	31st.March,2023	
Principal amount due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	13,727.19	31st.March,2022 16,102.46
and remaining unpaid as at year end	490.03	281.52
Principal amounts paid to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year		
Interest pald, other than under Section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	•	
Interest paid, under Section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed lay during the year	-	-
nterest due and payable towards suppliers registered ander MSMED Act, for payments already made	•	
urther Interest remaining due and payable for earlier ears	-	-

Note: The above information regarding, Micro Small and Medium Enterprises, has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the company.

Particulars	Outstanding as on March 31, 2023 for the following period from the due date of payment				
i) MSME	Not due	Less than 1 year	1 year to 2 years	Total	
ii) Others	11,134.28	2,592.91	Transac Jeura	The second secon	
ii) Disputed dues - MSME	19,087.21			13,727.19	
v) Disputed dues - Others		2,050,33	-	28,678.20	
otal				-	
	30,221.49	12,183.90		42 405 20	

Particulars	Outstanding as on March 31, 2022 for the following period			
i) MSME	Not due		1 year to 2 years	Total
ii) Others	3,146.21	12,956.25	to a femilia	
ii) Disputed dues - MSME	20,680.26			16,102.4
v) Disputed dues - Others		567720.50	-	73,406.6
otal				
2331	23,826,47	CP CON C.	-	
	25,020,47	65,682.61		89 500 00



Note 6 : Other Current Liabilities

Particulars	31st.March,2023		31st.March,2022	
Statutoty Dues	Non- Current	Current	Non- Current	Current
GST Payable	- 1	410 04		782.4
Other advances	1 - 1	927.76		3,266.4
Revenue received in advance	1 - 1	32.56		20.0
Others	8 1	79,341.00	100	61,526.00
Advance from Customers*	1	2.34		2.27
otal other current Liabilities		18,750.99		17,126.41
Include advances from related parties		99,464.69		82,723.54

Note 6(a) : Borrowings

Particulars	31st.March,2023		31st.March,2022	
Secured-Loan payable on demand	Non- Current	Current	Non- Current	Current
-Cash Credit from a bank				current
Total Borrowings		34,121.03		14,623.99
		34,121.03		14,623.99

- Note 6(a).1
 Details of securities offered for Cash Credit
 i) Secured by hypothecation on current assets
 ii) Corporate guarantee of Holding Company viz. isgec Heavy Engineering Limited
 iii) Rate of interest ranging from 9.35 % p.a to 10.50 % p.a

Note 6(b) :Other financial liabilities

Particulars	31st.Mar	31st.March,2023		31st.March,2022	
	Non- Current	Current	Non- Current	Current	
-Hedging reserve				Harrent	
-Interest accrued			- 2		
Total Borrowings		490.03		281.52	
		490.03		281 51	

Note 7. : Provisions

Particulars	31st.Marci	31st.March,2023		31st.March,2022	
	Non- Current	Current	Non- Current	Current	
Provision for Warranty*				Contains	
Total provisions	1,036.28	7,399.22	1,260,95	5,484.08	
*Provision is made for the estimated warran	1,036.28	7,399.22	LALOCH INCHIDE	5,484.08	

Note 7.1: Movement of provision for warranty

Nature of provisions	31st.March,2023	31st.March,2022
(a)Movement of provision for performance warranties/after sale services Carrying amount at the beginning of the year Additional provision made during the year Amount used during the year Amount reversed during the year Adjustment due to discounting Carrying amount at the end of the year	6,745.03 1,725.72 71.00 (35.75) 8,435.50	3,082.2 3,876.1 32.0 181.3 6,745.0
Break up of carrying amount at the end of the year	31st.March,2023	31st.March,2022
Short Term provisions ong Term provisions	7,399.22 1,036.28	5,484.08 1,260.95



Note 8 : Revenue from operations

Particulars	31st.March,2023	31st.March,2022
Resale of Machinery Erection services Other Operating Revenue - Export Incentive	1,25,048.70 19,447.50 14.55	15,108.00
Total Revenue from operations	1,44,510.75	1,300.25 3,71,231,30

Note 9 : Other Income

Particulars	31st.March,2023	31st.March,2022
Interest income Interest on income tax refund	0.55 160.15	56.92
Total other income	160.70	56.92

Note 10 (a): Purchase of traded Goods for Resale

Particulars		
1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1	31st.March,2023	31st.March, 2022
Goods Purchase for Resale	1,07,592.37	2.04.250.40
Total purchase of traded goods for resale		3,04,350.18
Traded goods for resale	1,07,592.37	3.04.350.18

Note 10 (b): Erection and civil cost

Particulars	31st.March.2023	31st.March,2022
Erection and civil cost		
Total erection and civil cost	10,411.79	24,405.93
THE CIVIL COST	10,411.79	24,405.93

Note 10 (c): Finance cost

Particulars	31st.March,2023	31st.March,2022
Interest paid to bank Interest-late deposit of Income Tax Interest-Others	1,720.20 0.54	702.13
Total Finance cost	490.03	283.08
	2,210.77	985.21

Note 11 : Other expenses

Particulars	31st.March,2023	31st.March,2022
Site rent		
Power and fuel	154.60	1,292.89
Rates and Taxes	28.45	2.37
Insurance	89.27	70.38
Repairs and Maintenance	14.23	34.41
- Computers		
- others	~	3.16
Legal and professional fees	15.58	12.80
Business Support Charges	104.41	39.75
Printing and Stationary	10,973.79	10,974.37
Bank Charges	21.53	8.93
Travelling Expenses	222.04	415.81
Sales promotion expenses	555.70	805.36
ood and Beverages	90.00	- 1
Auditor's Remuneration	50.93	5.40
-Statutory audit fee	1 1	
Tax Audit	100.00	100.00
reight and Packing Forwarding	30.00	30.00
esign & Engineering/ Service charges	5,264.68	10,650.01
oreign Exchange Fluctuation	429.48	2,466.78
ffice and miscellaneous expenses	1,566.59	53.58
otal other expenses	28,97	8.81
The supportace	19,740.25	26,974.81



Note 12 : Earnings per share(EPS)

Particulars	31st.March,2023	31st.March,2022
Profit/(loss) attributable to equity shareholders (in K)	3,404_16	10,904.59
Weighted average number of shares	20,00,000	20,00,000
Nominal value of shares (in Rs.)	10.00	10
Basic and diluted earnings per share (in Rs.)	1.70	5.45

Note 13: Income Tax expense

Particulars	31st.March,2023	31st.March,2022
a) Current tax		3131.1VIarch,2022
urrent tax al current tax		
	-	
o) Deferred tax		
Total Deferred tax (benefit)	1,312.11	3,667,50
otal Income tax expense	1,312.11	3,667.50
tax experise	1,312.11	3,667.50

Reconciliation of tax expense and accounting profit multiplied by tax rate

Particulars		
	31st.March,2023	31st.March,2022
Profit/(Loss) before tax		
Tax @ 25.168% (25.168 % 2021-22)	4,716.27	14,572.09
	1,186.99	3,667.50
Non-deductible expenses		
Tax effect amounts which are (non-deductible) (ded	tetible	
In calculating taxable income /Loss)		
Impact of change in tax rates	(123.47)	6
Others	- 1	
Income tax expense (benefit)	(1.65)	
ton expense (benefit)	1,312,11	3.667.50



Notes on financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees Thousand (K), unless otherwise stated) Isgec Redecam Enviro Solutions Private Limited

Note 14: Related Party transactions

(a)List of Related Parties

Entities having control over the reporting entity - Isget Heavy Engineering Limited

-Redecam Group S.P.A.

Other related parties with whom the Company has transactions during the year Isgec SFW Boilers Private Limited

12,949,07 32,804,62 2,7	Mr Niccolo Griffini Mr Swaman kumar Jain Mr Shalabh Singh Mr. Philip Renaud (b) Transactions with related parties	Chairman and Director Director Director Director Director Director Director	31st.March,2022 Chairman and Director Director Director Director Director Director Director Director
12,949.07 ifted * 12,949.07 :ed* 32,804.62	(i) Purchase of Services	31st.March,2023	
32,804,62 2,2	used ready ingineering Limited. - Isgec SFW Boilers Private Limited. - Redecam Group S.P.A. Sale of Goods/Services	12,949.07	12,949.76
	- Usgec Heavy Engineering Umited* - Redecam Group S.P.A. (iii) Key Management perconnol	32,804.62	5,030.08

31st,March,2022 5,877.36 16.87 3,782.75 7,071.39 896.56
3.1st.March,2023 5,877.36 3,782.75 1,800.45 8,788.91
Accounts Affected Trade Payable Trade Payable Advance to Suppliers Advance From Customers Advance From Customers Trade Receivables Trade Receivables
(refer note 5) (refer note 5) (refer note 6) (refer note 6) (refer note 6) (refer note 3(g)) (refer note 3(g)) (refer note 3(g))
Name of related party Usger Heavy Engineering Limited Isger SFW Boilers Private Limited Redecam Group S.P.A. Isger Heavy Engineering Limited Redecam Group S.P.A. Redecam Group S.P.A. Redecam Group S.P.A. Isger Heavy Engineering Limited



Notes on financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023 Isgec Redecam Enviro Solutions Private Limited

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees Thousand (K), unless otherwise stated)

(d) Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties;

The sales and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. For the year ended 31st. March, 2023, the company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to

31st.March,202; 18.74 602.01 1,62,047,97 89,509.08 1,62,670.17 Set below, is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the company's financial statements, other than those with carrying amounts Fair Value 31st.March,2023 1.45 140.44 34,121.03 1,66,687,87 1,66,847.57 31st.March,2022 18.74 1,62,047.97 602.01 1,62,670.17 89,509.08 14,623.99 Carrying Value 31st.March,2023 17.81 140.44 34,121.03 1,66,687.87 1,66,847.57 450.03 Note 3(h) 3(a) 3(d) 6 (a) 3(g) 6(b) Financial liabilities at amortised cost Financial instruments by category Financial assets at amortised cost Cash and cash equivalents Other financial liabilities Security deposits Trade Receivables Trade payables Loans

1,04,414.59

77,016.45

14,623.99

Note 16: Legal and professional charges include payment to auditors for other services including cetification work amounting to 14.50 Thousand (Previous year 14.50 The carrying amounts of trade receivables, trade payables cash and cash equivalents, loans and other financial assets are considered to be the same as

The Company operates in only one segment of engineering business which comprises of sales of Engineering Equipment's, Identified in accordance with principle The Director of the company has been identified as The Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). The Chief Operating Decision Maker also monitors the operating results enunciated in Indian Accounting Standard Ind AS-108, Segment Reporting. Hence, separate business segment information is not applicable.

as one single segment for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment and hence, there are no additional disclosures to be

CHAP

18. Ratio Analysis

University Ratio Total debt		inclator.	Denominator	FY 2022-2033			
Total debt Total equity Total					FY 2021-2022	Percentage	Explanation for any change
Total debt		Current assets	Current liabilities	1.00		Variance	compared to the preceding year.
Fratio Frofit after tax* Average total equity Cost of goods sold Average trade payables return Net purchases - Brook from operation Average working capital Revenue from operation Average working capital Profit after tax* Revenue from operation Average working capital and tax Net purchases - Gross Average working capital and tax Net purchases - Gross Average working capital and tax Net purchases - Frofit after tax* Revenue from operation Average working capital and tax Net purchases - Gross Average working capital and tax* Revenue from operation Average working capital and tax* Total of assets side a		Total debt	Total equity		0.98	2.40	
tax and depreciation & borrowings amortisation Ratio Profit after tax* Ratio Revenue from operation Revenue from operation Profit after tax* Revenue from operation Re				7.22	11.08	-34.81	
Fatio Cost of goods sold Average total equity 28.16% -65.97% -142.69 Intention operation Average inventory NA	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earning before intertax and depreciation amortisation	& borrowings		1.06	-80.92 o	Lower profit of Rs. 0.47 crore and quantum of borrowing increased to Rs. 3.41 crore during the current financial year opparison with profit of Rs.1.56 crore and borrowing in the during Rs.
Tratio Cost of goods sold Average inventory NA	Return on Equity Ratio	Profit after tax *	Average				The previous financial year.
Turnover Ratio Revenue from operation Average Inventory Ratio Revenue from operation Average working capital Profit after tax* Revenue from operation Average working capital Profit after tax* Revenue from operation Revenue from operation Profit after tax* Revenue from operation Revenu	Inventory Turnover Ratio	Cost of goods sold	Average total equity	28.16%	-65.97%	-142.69 Du	le to louise as the
Net purchases = Gross Average trade payables 1.79 3.54 A9.45 Apar.		Revenue from operatio	Averson	NA	NA	, w	th previous year profit.
Profit after tax * Total of assets side T		Net purchases	receivables	0.88	2.23	-60.64 Ma	inly due to decreased turnover during
Revenue from operation Average working capital -99.47 -32.10 209.85 Due to decrease in purchase cost and trade payable during current financial year in comparison with previous year. Profit after tax * Revenue from operation 2.36% 2.94% -19.81 Due to decreased turnover and decrease in net working carrent financial year in comparison and tax long term borrowings 17.83% 97.57% -81.72 Inhancial year in comparison with higher turnover and lower profit during current financial year in comparison with higher turnover and profit during current financial year in comparison with higher turnover and profit during current financial year in comparison with higher turnover and profit during current financial year in comparison with higher turnover and profit during previous year.	in L	purchases = Gros. purchases purchase	Average trade payables	1.79	3.54	yes	ir.
Profit after tax* Revenue from operation 2.36% Profit after tax* Revenue from operation 2.36% 2.94% 2.94% 2.94% 2.94% 2.94% 2.94% 2.94% 2.94% 2.94% 2.94% 2.94% 2.94% 2.94% 2.94% 3.95%		evenue from operation	Average working			Due	in decrease in purchase cost and trade payable during the
Profit before interest and tax Revenue from operation 2.36% 2.94% -19.81 Due to decrease in turnover and lower profit during current financial year in comparison and tax long term borrowings 17.83% 97.57% -81.72 Interest and lower profit during current financial year in comparison with higher turnover and lower profit during current financial year in comparison with higher turnover and profit during current financial year in comparison with higher turnover and profit during current financial year in comparison with higher turnover and profit during current financial year in comparison with higher turnover and profit during current financial year in comparison with higher turnover and profit during current financial year in comparison with higher turnover and profit during current financial year in comparison with higher turnover and profit during current financial year in comparison with higher turnover and profit during current financial year.			and king capital	-99.47	-32.10	209.85 Due	to decreased turnover and decrease in cost
Profit before interest Total equity + short & 17.83% 97.57% -81.72 Profit after tax * Total of assets side 1 80%			Revenue from operation	2.36%	2.94%	previ	tion during current financial year in comparison with
Profit after tax * Total of assets side 1 RANK	oloyed	iterest	otal equity + short & ong term borrowings	17.83%	97.57%	finan durin	delight of the comparison with higher turnover and profit during current grevious year.
	Pre	tax *	otal of assets side	1.80%		Lower	nrefit 1

* Profit after tax before other comprehensive income



(All amounts are in Indian Rupees Thousand (K), unless otherwise stated) Notes on financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023 Isgec Redecam Enviro Solutions Private Limited

Note 19 : Revenue from contracts with customers (Disclosure pursuant to IND AS 115)

Particulars

Revenue from customers (refer note 8)	31st.March,2023	31st.March.2022
Contract balances -Unbilled revenue (refer note 3.f)	1,44,510.75	3,71,231.30
- Contract liability (refer note 6) * Amount of revenue recognised for : Amount included in the contractual liability at the beginning of the var-	1,367.00	1,713.00
* Include short term advances received towards resale of machinery	14,825.95	31,425.84
Reconciliation of revenue recognised in profit and loss and contracted price: There is no reconciliation item between the amount of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss with the contracted price. Right to return asset and refund liability:	acted price	
Timing of recognition and method, and Information about performance obligation: -The timing for revenue recognition is resale of machinery performed overtime -The company is using input method for recognising sales overtime progressively by measuring the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation, because the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the entity's performance as the entity performance obligation, as on 31st. March, 2023 (31st. March, 2022 NIL) to be performed next year in relation to the recognition to t	te satisfaction of that performance as the	
Note 20: Financial rich	and leadle of	

Note 20 : Financial risk management

The company's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, loans cash and cash equivalents that are derived directly from operations. The Company's financial risk management is The company's financial liabilities comprise only trade payable and and other financial liabilities. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to manage finances for company's operations.

Market risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprises three types of risk: currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risks, such as equity price and commodity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risks include loans, deposits and foreign currency receivables and

Interest rate risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. In order to optimize the Company's position with regard to interest income and interest expenses and to manage the interest rate risk, treasury performs a comprehensive corporate interest rate risk management by balancing the proportion of the fixed rate and floating rate financial instruments in its total profolio. The exposure of borrowings to interest rate changes at the end of reporting year are : Variable rate of



(All amounts are in Indian Rupees Thousand (K), unless otherwise stated) Notes on financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023 Isgec Redecam Enviro Solutions Private Limited

(ii)Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The cor following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in Euro exchange rates, with all other variable

ally The	under:		2 ndian
exposures recognized by the Company that have not been hedged by a derivation.	therwise are as		March, 202
Company 's pr	istrument or of	100	(K) Foreign
impact on the	SAID SAID	h,2023	Foreign Currency Indian Rupees (K)
d constant. The been hedged b		31st.Marc	n Currency
that have not	-	+	Foreig
by the Compan			
res recognized	Saction		ceivables
msodxa exposm	Nature of Tran		Export Trade Receiv
			ui)
1			
Currency		EURO	

(b) Credit risk

banks. Investments primarily include certificates of deposits which are funds deposited at a bank for a specified time period. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet the obligation under a financial instrument or cutomer contract, leading to a financial loss. The company is exposed from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) which are unsecured and derived from external customers. Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as we generally invest in deposits with

Rupees (K)

Currency

896.56

9,985

Indian

monitored and an impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on trade receivables by lifetime expected credit loss method based on provision matrix. The maximum exposure to Customer credit risk is managed by the company's established policy,procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of each class of financial assets . The Company does not hold collateral as security. The company evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low,as its customers are located in several jurisdictions and industries and operate in largely independent markets. Trade receivables are written off when there is

The ageing analysis of the trade receivables (gross of provision) has been considered from the date the invoice falls due:

1,66,687.87 1,56,687.87 1,62,047.97 19,078.32 More than 12 months 19 978.32 18,124.51 6 to 12 months 230.21 230.21 19,606.45 6 months Less than 7,150.76 7,229.75 7,150.76 Not due 1,40,228.58 1,40,228.58 1,17,087.26 eceivables (net of impairment) eceivables (net of impairment) arrying amount of trade arrying amount of trade aross carrying amount Gross carrying amount xpected credit loss *xpected credit loss As at 31.3.2023 45 at 31.3.2022



1,52,047.97

18,124,51

19,606.45

7,229.75

1,17,087.26

Notes on financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated) Isgec Redecam Enviro Solutions Private Limited

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that company will not be able to settle or meet its obligation on time or at a reasonable price. The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. The Company's treasury department is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risk are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the company's net liquidity position through rolling, forecast on the basis of expected cash flows.

Marturities of financial liabilities

The table below provides the details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments. Balances due within

or contraction undiscounted pa	Total	34,121.03	42,405.39	77,016.45	14,623.99	89,509.08
	1 to 5 years	*)			1001	
	Less than 1 year	34,121.03	490.03	77,016.45	14,623,99 89,509.08	281.52
Particulars As at 31st March 2002	(note 6 a)	I rade payables (note 5) Other financial liabilities (note 6 b)	farch, 2022	(note 6 a) les (note 5)	Other financial liabilities (note 6-b) Total	
Particulars As at 31st M	Borrowings (note 6 a)	Other finan	As at 31st.March,2022	Borrowings (note 6 a) Trade payables (note 5)	Other financ	

Capital Management

(a) Risk management

The primary objective of the capital management is to maximise the shareholder value and also maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce cost of capital. In order to manage the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders, return on capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debts. The Company monitors capital on the basis of the following gear ratio ,which is net debt divided by total capital plus debt

1,04,414.59

31st.March,2022	14,623.99	14,605.25	15,925.74
31st.March,2023	34,121.03	34,103,22	38,827.37
			Ratio)
bank equivalente		l net debt	and equity ratio (Gearing
Debt less: Cash and b	Net debt Total equity	Net deht to date	000

(b) Loan Covenants

that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial convenants would permit the bank to call loans and borrowings or charge some penal interest. There have been no In order to achieve the overall objective, the company's capital management, amongt other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial convenants attached to the interest-bearing borrowings

Note 21: The Company is not having any contingent liabilities, commitments and litigation as on March 31, 2023 (31st.March,2022 Nil)



(All amounts are in Indian Rupees Thousand (K), unless otherwise stated) Notes on financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023 Isgec Redecam Enviro Solutions Private Limited

22. Other Statutory Information

- (i) The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.

 - (iii) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period, (iv) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- (V) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds in any other person(s) or entity(les), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (vi) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (Viii) The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961

Note 23: Figures relating to March 31, 2022 has been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary to make them comparable with the current year's figures.

Chartered Accountants

(ICA! Firm Registration Number - 000057N)

JH ann uman Kumar Jain) DIN: 07045002 Directo

DIN: 07738504 (Shalath Singh)

Isgec Redecam Enviro Solutions Private Limited For and on behaf of the Board of directors

Membership No. - 013624 (Ramesh Malhotra) Date: May 09, 2023 Place: New Delhi

PEDACCOUNTRY V + CHART